

SNOM setup to study surface plasmons on nanostructured surfaces

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The detection of molecular layers on surfaces can be based on a measurement of the dispersion relation of surface plasmons, two-dimensional solutions of Maxwell's equations at a metal-dielectric interface. To reduce the area, which absorbs molecules, plasmon propagation in microstructured metal films can be used. In this context it is of particular interest, how light in nanostructures can be guides without considerable losses. For this purpose a SNOM set-up, based on a commercial AFM head, was developed with a tune-fork distance regulation various probes can be used to collect the evanescent fields. The plasmons are excited by coupling light of varying wavelength under attenuated total-reflection conditions into the sample. Samples were prepared in various ways. Electron lithography combined with lift-off as well as scratching with AFM tips were employed to structure metal films. The metallic as well as the dielectric side of the interface can be structured. Plasmon propagation in metal nanostructures was studied in dependence of frequency and optical properties of the dielectric medium. Results mapping the field distribution above these structures will be presented. An additional approach using structured adsorbates of biomolecules to arrange labeled gold spheres by specific binding will as well be presented.