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FERROHYDRODYNAMICAL FUNDAMENTALS OF BITTER PATTERN EVOLUTION

The theory of ferrohydrodynamics describes the specific physical properties associated with a magnetizable fluid. From this theory a constitutive equation was derived, which characterizes the stray-field-induced formation of ferrofluid Bitter patterns on the surface of a ferromagnetic specimen.

Z. Phys. B - Condensed Matter **61**, 29 (1985)

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THE OPTICAL PHASE PORTRAIT OF FERROFLUID BITTER PATTERNS

J. Phys. (Paris), **46**, C6-279 (1985)

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ANISOTROPIC SUPERPARAMAGNETIC BEHAVIOUR IN TEXTURED FERROFLUID SYSTEMS

A statistical theory of the magnetization of an assembly of fine, non-interacting, single-domain ferromagnetic particles which show uniaxial magnetic anisotropy is formulated under conditions of total and partial particle alignment. Results are compared to experimental data deduced from measurements of a magnetic fluid solidified under the influence of an external field.

Phil. Mag. **52**, 889 (1985)

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DISCONTINUITIES IN THE MAGNETIZATION PROCESS OF IRON WHISKERS WITH LANDAU STRUCTURE

Proc. 7th Conf. Soft Magnetic Materials, Blackpool, U.K., p.87 (1985)

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OBSERVATION OF BLOCH WALL FINE STRUCTURES ON IRON WHISKERS BY A HIGH-RESOLUTION INTERFERENCE CONTRAST TECHNIQUE

The use of interference contrast equipment for Bitter pattern studies on iron whiskers results in a significant improvement in the resolution power and contrast transference of the optical microscope. Details of domain wall topology and internal wall structure are revealed. A discussion of the technique and some experimental results are presented.

J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. **18**, 2285 (1985)